



CIVILISING THE “NATIVE”, EDUCATING THE NATION



BRITISH IN INDIA (Module 1/2)



INTRODUCTION

- They wanted territorial conquest.
- They wanted control over revenue of India.
- They had a cultural mission.

What was their cultural mission ?

- To civilise the natives and change their customs and values.

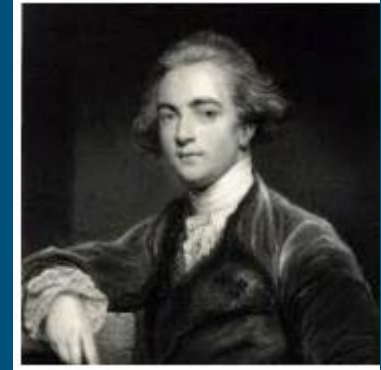
HOW THE BRITISH SAW EDUCATION

Orientalist

- William Jones
 - Henry Thomas Colebrooke
 - Nathaniel Halhed
-
- They shared a deep respect for ancient cultures , both India and the west.

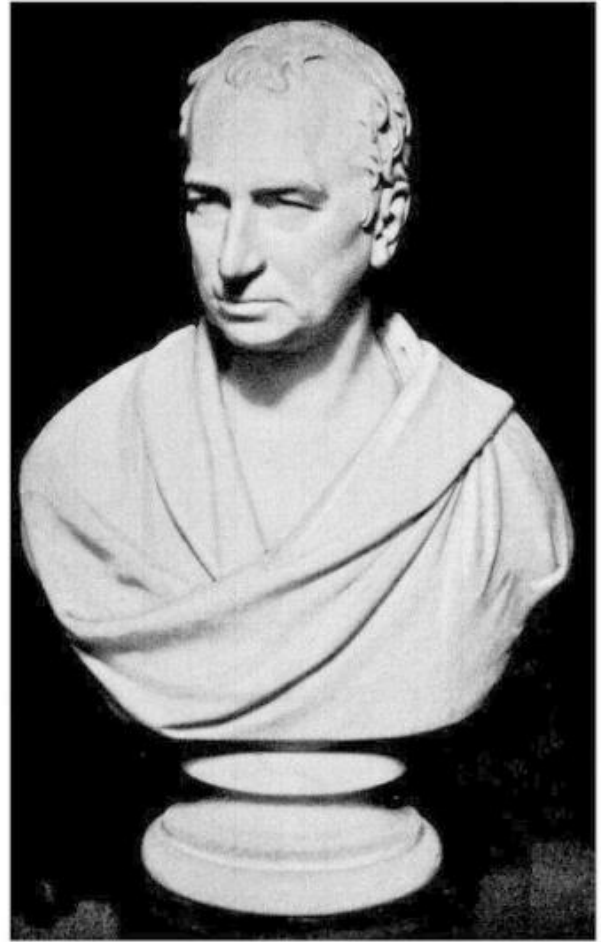
William Jones (Orientalist)

They felt that Indian civilisation had attained its glory but had subsequently declined. They felt that institutions should be set up to encourage the study of ancient Indian texts and teach Sanskrit and Persian.



Henry Thomas Colebrooke

An Orientalist ,who believed in India's ancient glorious past .



HENRY THOMAS COLEBROOKE.

Grave errors of the East

From the early nineteenth century many British officials began to criticise the Orientalists. They were -

- James Mill
- Thomas Babington Macaulay

They believed no branch of Eastern knowledge could be compared to what England had produced

Wood's Despatch

→It opposed to Oriental knowledge .

→It points towards to study of business .

→One of the practical uses the Despatch pointed was economy.

→It made to study Indians about the development of British.

→It introduced them to lead an European lifestyle.

AIM

→ To change the desires and taste of Indians and make them forced to buy British goods.

What happened to Local Schools ?

..... To be continued in the next PPT

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