## ATOMIC ENERGY EDUCATION SOCIETY, MUMBAI **CLASS 8 SUBJECT MATHEMATICS** MODULE - 1/3(PPT)**CHAPTER 8 :- COMPAIRING QUANTITIES PREPARED BY:** PRAMOD TGT **AECS NARORA AECS NARORA** 21-10-2020



2

Recalling concept Ratio percentage Difference Increase Decrease AECS NARORA Finding increase and decreasing percentage 0-2020



Need two quantities Like as compare of no of shoes to no of slipper in your home. So here ratio will be  $= \frac{no \ of \ shoes}{no \ of \ slipper}$ Note:- here unit remain

Ratio

same

Percentage Need two quantities Like your total marks and your obtained marks So here percentage will be  $=\frac{obtained marks}{total marks} \times 100 \%$ Note :- here 100 multiplier is compulsory Or we can consider  $=\frac{0}{\sqrt{0}}$ 

100

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### **EXAMPLES OF RATIO**

1. You have geometry box. It contains 20 pen and 7 pencil. Find the ratio pen to pencil Solution:- According to previous fig

Ratio = 
$$\frac{no \ of \ pen}{no \ of \ pencill} = \frac{20}{7} = 20:7$$

This is required ratio we read this ratio 20:7 like as, "20 is to 7".

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2. 5 metre to 1 km
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Solution:- this is an example to explain the concept "Unit remain same "

so we change unit first

1 km =1000 met

So,

Ratio=
$$\frac{5 \text{ met}}{1 \text{ km}} = \frac{\{5 \text{ met}\}}{\{1000 \text{ met}\}} = \frac{5}{1000} = \frac{1}{200} = 1:200$$

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### EXAMPLES OF PERCENTAGE

Here there are 2 quantities one is base quantity and another is percentile quantity For example in the above example total marks is base quantity and obtained marks is percentile quantity.

Note :- We know that  $\% = \frac{1}{100}$  so when we put sign of % we have to multiplied by 100.

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If you got 240 marks out of 500. find the percentage.
solution :- Here base quantity is 500 and percentile quantity 240
So,

Percentage = 
$$\left(\frac{240}{500} \times 100\right)\% = \frac{240}{5}\% = 48\%$$
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# Difference

Difference means subtraction from bigger quantity to lesser quantity. It has two cases either increase or decrease.

#### e.g

If you have 5 toffee but you gave 2 toffee to your friend. Then how many toffee you have?
If you have ₹ 50 but your father gave you some rupees so that now you have ₹ 70. Then how many rupees your father gave?

# Increase/Decrease

so,

Question 1 is an example of decrease

Question 2 is an example of increase

so, decrease = 5 - 2 = 3

increase = 70 - 50

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= ₹ 20

### Finding increase and decreasing percentage

In this topic we shall use two studied topic one is difference and another percentage.

In these kind of question first we find the difference then percentage. In percentage basic quantity is initial and percentile quantity is difference.

Question 1 is an example of decrease

so, Increase(difference) = 5 - 2 = 3Here base quantity is 5 and percentile quantity is difference 3 so, increase  $\% = \frac{3}{5} \times 100 \% = \frac{300}{5} \% = 60\%$ .

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#### Question 2 is an example of increase

so,

Increase (difference) = 70-50 = 20 Here base quantity is 50 and percentile quantity is difference 20 so, increase  $\% = \frac{20}{50} \times 100 \% = \frac{2000}{50} \% = 40\%$ .

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9

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