GEOG - CLASS 6
CHAPTER 4 – MAPS

WORKSHEET 2
1. Multiple Choice Questions

1. Which one is not a component of map?
   a. Direction
   b. Symbol
   c. Scale

2. Maps showing natural features of the earth such as mountains, plains and rivers are called as
   a. Political maps
   b. Physical maps
   c. Thematic International boundary

3. Brown colour is used for showing
   a. Plateaus
   b. Plains
   c. Mountains.

4. A political map shows
   a. Natural features of the earth
   b. Different countries and states of the world
   c. Distribution of forests

5. Which one is not an intermediate direction?
   a. North-east (NE)
   b. West
   c. South-west (SW)

2. Fill in the Blanks
   (GLOBE, UNIVERSAL, SKETCH, SMALL SCALE, COMPASS)

1. A _______ map is used to show large areas like continents or countries on a paper.
2. A _______ is an instrument used to find out main directions.
3. Maps have a _______ language that can be understood by all.
4. A drawing mainly based on memory and spot observation is called _______.
5. Maps are more informative than a _______.

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3. State whether the statements are true or false:
   a. A globe is used to study the earth as a whole - TRUE
   b. Political maps show natural features of the earth – FALSE
   c. A large scale map is used to show large areas like countries on a paper - FALSE
   d. There are four intermediate directions – TRUE
   e. Large scale maps give less information than small scale maps – FALSE

4. Answer the following questions:
   1. When do you use a globe?
      We use a globe when we want to study the earth as a whole.
   2. What is an atlas?
      An atlas is a collection of maps.
   3. What are physical maps?
      Political maps show natural features of the earth such as mountains, plateaus, plains, rivers, oceans, etc.
   4. What are political maps?
      Political maps show cities, towns and villages and different countries and state of the world with their boundaries.
   5. What are thematic maps?
      Some maps which focus on specific information is known as thematic map. For example, road maps, maps showing distribution of industries, etc.
   6. Differentiate between a small scale map and a large scale map.
      A small scale map is used to show large areas like continents or countries on a paper
      A large scale map is used to show a small area such as village or town on a paper.
   7. What is called the north line?
      Maps usually contain an arrow marked with the letter ‘N at the upper right hand comer. This arrow shows the north direction and is called the north line.
   8. What is a compass?
      A compass is an instrument used to find out main directions.
9. What are conventional symbols?
   Maps have a universal language that can be understood by all. There is an
   international agreement regarding the use of these symbols. These are called
   conventional symbols.

10. What is a sketch map?
    A sketch map is a drawing on memory and spot observation. It is drawn
    without scale.

11. What is a plan?
    A plan is a drawing of a small area on a large scale.

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