ATOMIC ENERGY EDUCATION SOCIETY, MUMBAI CLASS: XII (MATHEMATICS)

CHAPTER - 09 TOPIC: DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS WORKSHEET: MODULE 2/3

- **1.** Find the general solution of the following differential equations:-
- (i) $y \log x \, dx x \, dy = 0$
- (ii) $\operatorname{Sec}^2 x \operatorname{Tany} dx + \operatorname{Sec}^2 y \operatorname{Tanx} dy + 0.$
- (iii) $(x^2 yx^2) dy + (y^2 + x^2 y^2) dx = 0$
- 2. Find the particular solution of the following differential equations satisfying the given conditions:-
- (i) $(x^3 + x^2 + 1) \frac{dy}{dx} = 2x^2 + x$; y = 1 when x = 0

(ii)
$$(1 + e^{2x}) dy + (1 + y^2) e^x dx = 0; y = 1 \text{ when } x = 0$$

(iii)
$$\cos\left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right) = a \ (a \in R); y = 1 \text{ when } x = 0$$

- 3. At any point (x, y) of a curve, the slope of the tangent is twice the slope of the line segment joining the point of contact to the point (-4, -3). Find the equation of the curve given that it passes through (-2, 1).
- 4. The volume of spherical balloon being inflated changes at a constant rate. If initially its radius is 3 units and after 3 seconds it is 6 units. Find the radius of balloon after *t* seconds.
- 5. Find the general solution of the following differential equations:-

(i)
$$(x^2 + x y) dy = (x^2 + y^2) dx$$

(ii)
$$y dx + x Log\left(\frac{y}{x}\right) dy - 2x dy = 0$$

(iii)
$$(x \, dy - y \, dx) \, y \, Sin \left(\frac{y}{x}\right) = (y \, dx + x \, dy) \, x \, Cos \left(\frac{y}{x}\right)$$

(iv) $y e^{\frac{\lambda}{y}} dx = \left(x e^{\frac{\lambda}{y}} + y^2\right) dy$

- 6. Find the particular solution of the following differential equations satisfying the given conditions:-
 - $\frac{dy}{dx} \frac{y}{x} + \operatorname{Cosec}\left(\frac{y}{x}\right) = 0, y = 0 \text{ when } x = 1$ $(x^2 y^2)dx + 2xy dy = 0, y = 0 \text{ when } x = 1$ (i)
 - (ii)
 - (iii) $[x \sin^2(\frac{y}{x}) y] + xdy = 0$, $y = \frac{\pi}{4}$ when x = 1
