

परमाणु ऊर्जा शिक्षण संस्था (परमाणु ऊर्जा विभाग का स्वायत्त निकाय, भारत सरकार) ATOMIC ENERGY EDUCATION SOCIETY

(An autonomous body under Department of Atomic Energy, Govt. of India)

XI - Accountancy Journal (Module 1 of 2)

JOURNAL

- Meaning
- Journal is that book of accounts in which
- transactions are originally recorded in a chronological order, i.e., as they occur.
- It is the first book of account in which the transactions are recorded.
- An entry made in the Journal is known as a 'Journal Entry'.



Chronological

Double Entry System

Daybook

Compound Entry Possible

Assistant to Ledger

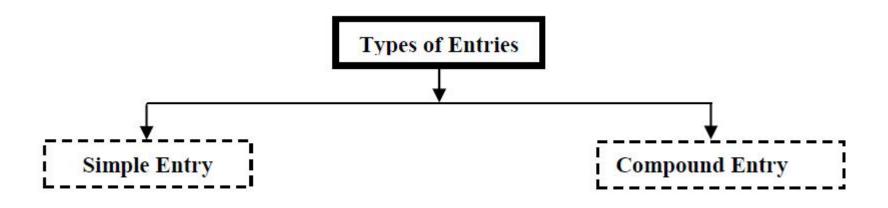
Transaction Identity

Original Entry

Includes Brief Explanation



	Format of Journal En	tries		
	Journal entries in the books	of XYZ I	Ltd.	
			(Dr.)	(Cr.)
Date	Particulars	Ledger Folio	Amount Rs.	Amount Rs.
	Debit A/cDr.			
	To Credit A/c			
	(Being)			



Types of Journal Entries

Broadly speaking there are two types of journal entries, but some authorities have divided the journal entries into three.

- (1) Simple journal entry: When there is only one debit and one credit in an entry, it is called a simple journal entry. For example, goods sold to Mohan Rs.1000, in this case Mohan's a/c will be debited with Rs.1000, sales a/c being credited with the same amount.
- (2) Compound journal entry: When there is more than one debit or credit in an entry, it is called a compound journal entry. In the above example, if Mohan pays Rs.975 in full settlement, it means we have allowed him a discount of Rs.25 which is a loss/expense for us. In this case, cash a/c will be debited with Rs.975, discount will be debited with Rs25 and Mohan's a/c will be credited with Rs.1000.

Journal Entry

<u>Compound Journal Entry</u>: When two or more accounts are involved in a transaction and the transaction is recorded by means of a single journal entry instead of passing several journal entries, such single journal entry s termed as 'Compound Journal Entry'

Opening Entry: A journal entry by means of which the balances of various assets, liabilities and capital appearing in the balance sheet of the previous accounting period are brought forward in the books of current accounting period, is known as 'Opening Entry'

Specimen-Simple Journal Entry

Date	Particulars	L.F.	Debit Amount	Credit Amount
25-12-2018	Purchases A/c To Govind Trader's A/c (Purchase of goods from Govind Trader)		30000	30000

Ex-1 Simple Journal Entries

Journalise the following transactions-

2017

Apr 1 Paid into Bank to open Current A/c ₹200,000 Apr 3 Goods purchased through cheque ₹40.000 Apr 5 Securities purchased for cash ₹40,000 Apr 6 Goods sold and received cheque ₹20,000 Apr 7 Cash withdrawn for office use ₹15,000 ₹10,000

Apr 10 Goods purchased through cheque

Apr 12 Sales made and amount received through Debit Card

₹10,000

Apr 15 Interest received on securities into bank ₹1.000 ₹2,000 Apr 20 Insurance premium paid through bank Apr 25 Goods sold, cheque received, deposited same day

₹6,000

Date	Particulars		L.F.	Debit ₹	Credit ₹
2017					
April 1	Bank A/c To Cash A/c (Paid into Bank for opening a current account)	Dr.		2,00,000	2,00,000
3	Purchase A/c To Bank A/c (Goods purchased by cheque)	Dr.		40,000	40,000
5	Investment in Securities A/c To Cash A/c (Investment made in securities)	Dr.	-	40,000	40,000
6	Bank A/c To Sales A/c (Goods sold to Radha and cheque received and deposited into bank)	Dr.		20,000	20,00
7	Cash A/c To Bank A/c (Cash withdrawn from bank for office use)	Dr.		15,000	15,00
10	Purchases A/c To Bank A/c (Purchased goods from Kamala and cash deposited in CDM)	Dr.		10,000	10,000
12	Bank A/c To Sales A/c (Sold goods to Vanitha who paid through debit card)	Dr.		10,000	10,000
15	Bank A/c To Interest on Investment A/c (Interest on securities directly received by bank)	Dr.		1,000	1,000
20	Insurance premium A/c To Bank A/c (Insurance paid by bank as per standing instructions)	Dr.		2,000	2,000
25	Bank A/c To Sales A/c (Sales made to Kunal who made payment through CDM)	Dr.		- 6,000	6,000