Class :- $7 \quad$ The triangles and its properties:-
Worksheet -3

1. In a triangle $A B C, A M$ is the median. Prove that

## $\mathrm{AB}+\mathrm{BC}+\mathrm{CA}>2 \mathrm{AM}$

2. In a triangle $A B C, O$ is an interior point. Prove that $2(\mathrm{OA}+\mathrm{OB}+\mathrm{OC})>\mathrm{AB}+\mathrm{BC}+\mathrm{CA}$
3. Find the unknown value:-
(a) In the triangle $\mathrm{ABC}, \angle \mathrm{B}=90^{\circ}, \mathrm{AB}=3 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{BC}=4 \mathrm{~cm}$, $\mathrm{AC}=$ ?
(b) In the triangle $\mathrm{ABC}, \angle \mathrm{A}=90^{\circ}, \mathrm{AB}=6 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{AC}=8 \mathrm{~cm}$ , $\mathrm{BC}=$ ?
(c) In the triangle $\mathrm{ABC}, \angle \mathrm{C}=90^{\circ}, \mathrm{BC}=12 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{AC}=5 \mathrm{~cm}$, $\mathrm{BC}=$ ?
(d) In the triangle $\mathrm{PQR}, \angle \mathrm{Q}=90^{\circ}, \mathrm{PQ}=12 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{PR}=$ $13 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{QR}=$ ?
(e) In the triangle $\mathrm{KLM}, \angle \mathrm{L}=90^{\circ}, \mathrm{KM}=17 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{KL}=$ $12 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{LM}=$ ?
(f)In the triangle $\mathrm{NOW}, \mathrm{NO}=40 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{OW}=9 \mathrm{~cm}$ and $\mathrm{NW}=$ 41 cm . find the degree measure of $\angle \mathrm{O}$.
4. The length of two sides of a triangle are 12 cm and 15 cm . Between what two measures should the length of the third side fall?
5. In a quadrilateral $A B C D$, Prove that $A B+B C+C D+A D>$ $\mathrm{AC}+\mathrm{BD}$.
6. PQR is a triangle, right-angled at P . If $\mathrm{PQ}=10 \mathrm{~cm}$ and $P R$ $=24 \mathrm{~cm}$, find QR .

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7. ABC is a triangle, right-angled at C . If $\mathrm{AB}=25 \mathrm{~cm}$ and AC $=7 \mathrm{~cm}$, find BC.
8. A 15 m long ladder reached a window 12 m high from the ground on placing it against a wall at a distance $a$. Find the distance of the foot of the ladder from the wall.
9. Which of the following can be the sides of a right triangle?
10. PQR is a triangle, right-angled at P . If $\mathrm{PQ}=10 \mathrm{~cm}$ and $P R=24 \mathrm{~cm}$, find $Q R$.
11. ABC is a triangle, right-angled at C . If $\mathrm{AB}=25 \mathrm{~cm}$ and $A C=7 \mathrm{~cm}$, find $B C$.
12. A 15 m long ladder reached a window 12 m high from the ground on placing it against a wall at a distance $a$. Find the distance of the foot of the ladder from the wall.
13. A tree is broken at a height of 5 m from the ground and its top touches the ground at a distance of 12 m from the base of the tree. Find the original height of the tree.
14. Find the perimeter of the rectangle whose length is 40 cm and a diagonal is 41 cm .
15. The diagonals of a rhombus measure 16 cm and 30 cm . find its perimeter.
16. How many medians can a triangle have?
17. Does a median lie wholly in the interior of the triangle? (If you think that this is not true, draw a figure to show such a case).

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18. Will an altitude always lie in the interior of a triangle?
19. Can you think of a triangle in which two altitudes of the triangle are two of its sides?
20. Can the altitude and median be same for a triangle?
21. Are the exterior angles formed at each vertex of a triangle equal?
22. Can you have a triangle with two right angles?
23. Can you have a triangle with two obtuse angles?
24. Can you have a triangle with two acute angles?
25. Can you have a triangle with all the three angles greater than $60^{\circ}$ ?
26. Can you have a triangle with all the three angles equal to $60^{\circ}$ ?
27. Can you have a triangle with all the three angles less than $60^{\circ}$ ?
28. Which is the longest side in the triangle PQR , rightangled at P ?
29. Which is the longest side in the triangle ABC , rightangled at B ?
30. Which is the longest side of a right triangle?
