

AECS-2 KALPAKKAM

LEARNING OBJECTIVES

The following topics are covered in detail in

Module 2- MULTIPLICATION AND DIVISION

OF FRACTIONS

1

 Multiplica tion of a fraction by a whole number 2

 Multiplica tion of a fraction
 by a fraction 3

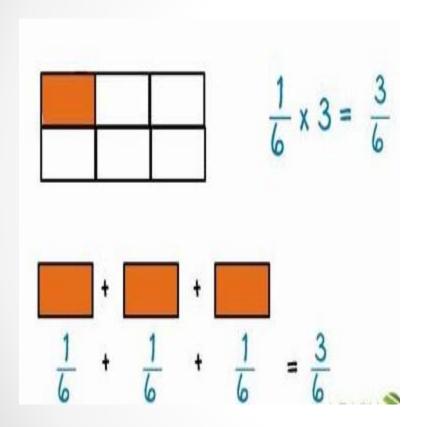
Division of a whole number by a fraction 4

Division
 of a
 fraction
 by a
 whole
 number

5

Division
 of a
 fraction
 by a
 fraction

1.Multiply a whole number by a fraction and vice versa

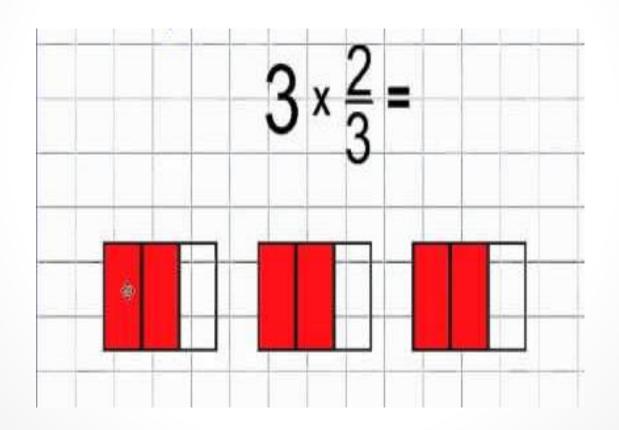


To multiply a <u>whole</u> <u>number</u> with a <u>proper or</u> <u>an improper</u> fraction (and vice versa),

we multiply the whole number with the numerator of the fraction, keeping the

denominator same.

Try This !!!



But if the fraction is a mixed fraction?



I guess I know!!!!
First convert the
mixed fraction to an
improper fraction and then
multiply.

multiply.

$$3\frac{1}{2} \times 5 = \frac{7}{2} \times 5 = \frac{7 \times 5}{2} = \frac{35}{2}$$

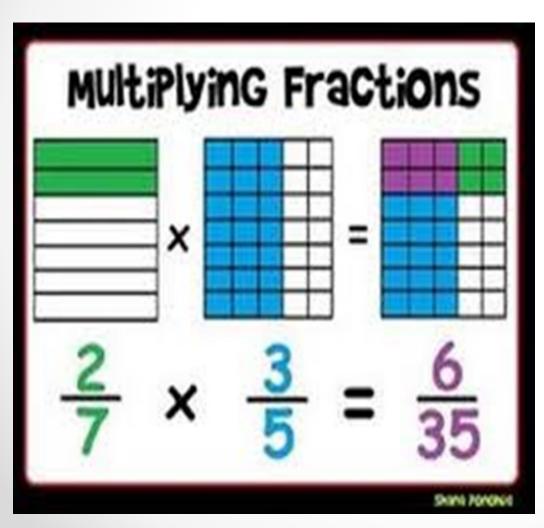


Porkodi has ten biscuits. She gives $\frac{2}{5}$ th (*read as two fifth*) **of** the biscuits to Pugazh. How many biscuits did Pugazh get?

Here 'of' represents multiplication

$$\frac{2}{5}$$
 of $10 = \frac{2}{5} \times 10 = \frac{2 \times 10}{5} = \frac{20}{5} = 4$

2.Multiply a fraction by a fraction



We multiply two fractions as

Product of Numerators
Product of Denominators

Note: If one the fractions or both the fractions are mixed fraction then convert the mixed fraction to improper fraction and then multiply

The three steps of multiplying fractions

Solve:
$$\frac{2}{6} \times \frac{9}{16}$$

Step 1. Multiply the top numbers:

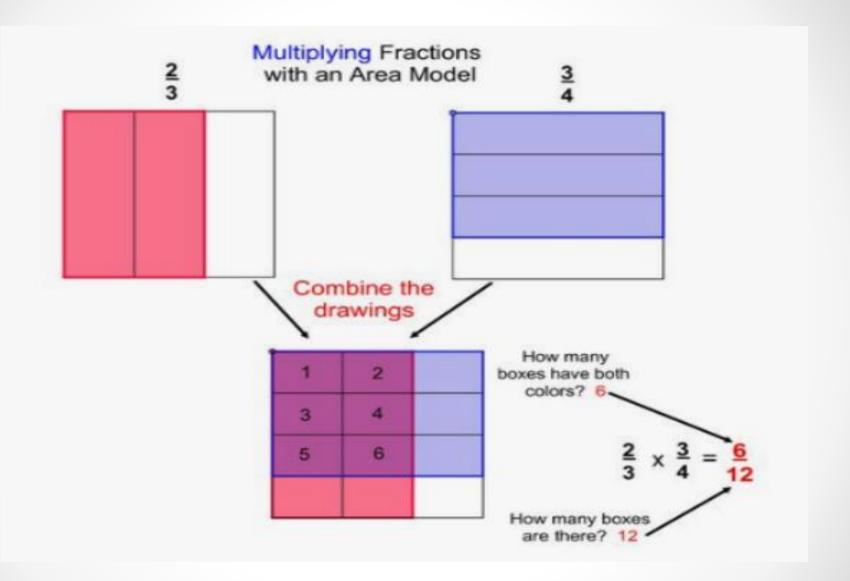
$$\frac{2}{6} \times \frac{9}{16} = \frac{2 \times 9}{16} = \frac{18}{16}$$

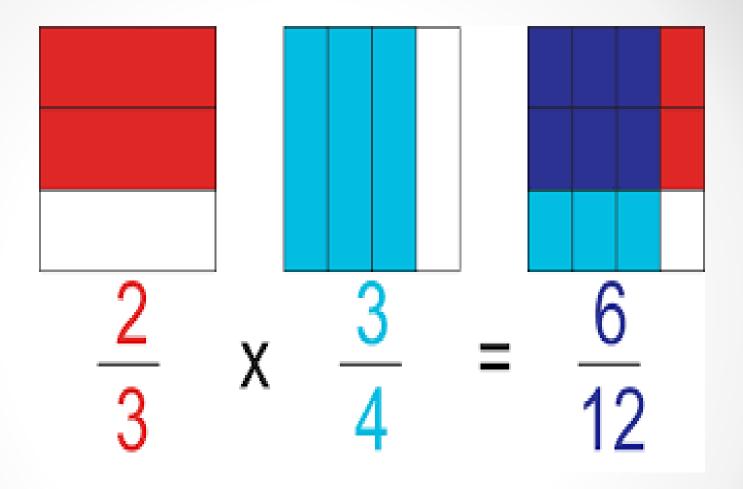
Step 2. Multiply the bottom numbers:

$$\frac{2}{6}$$
 \times $\frac{9}{16}$ = $\frac{2 \times 9}{6 \times 16}$ = $\frac{18}{96}$

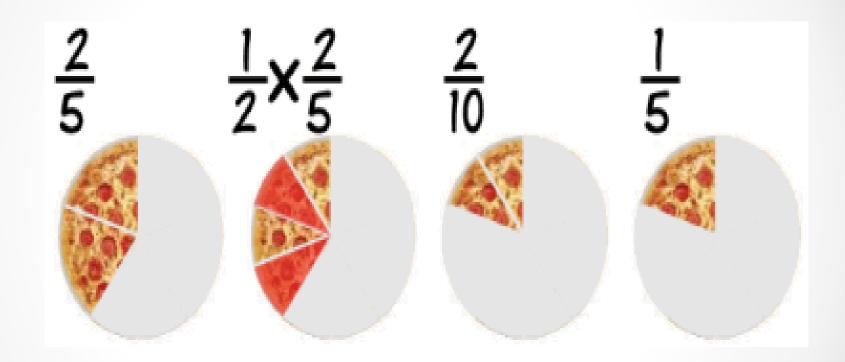
Step 3. Simplify the fraction:

$$\frac{18}{96} = \boxed{\frac{6}{32}}$$
Divided by 3
$$= \boxed{\frac{3}{16}}$$
Divided by 2



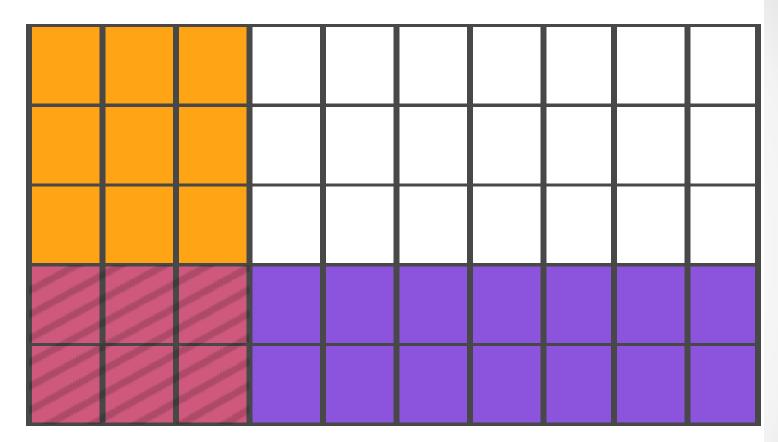


$$\frac{3}{8}$$
 x $\frac{4}{5}$ = $\frac{12}{40}$

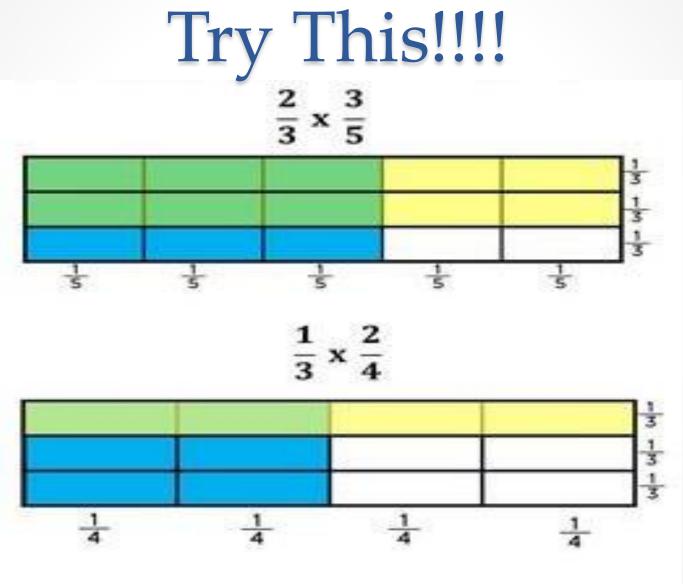


2

Use the model to find the product.



$$\frac{3}{10} \times \frac{2}{5} =$$



Reciprocal

Before we learn division of fractions, we need to learn what a reciprocal is.

The non-zero numbers whose product with each other is 1, are called the reciprocals of each other.

The reciprocal of a fraction is obtained by **inverting** it So reciprocal of $\frac{9}{13}$ **is** $\frac{13}{9}$.

$$\frac{9}{13} \times \frac{13}{9} = 1$$

3. Division of a whole number by a fraction

$$6 \div \frac{1}{2} = 6 \times 2 = 12$$

Here, we can observe that, dividing a whole number 6 by a fraction $\frac{1}{2}$ is the same as multiplying a whole number 6 by 2, where 2 is the **reciprocal** of $\frac{1}{2}$. Generally, <u>dividing</u> a number by a fraction is the same as multiplying that number by the reciprocal of the fraction.

Note: While dividing a whole number by a mixed fraction, first convert the **mixed fraction into improper fraction** and then solve it.

4.Division of a fraction by a whole number

To divide a fraction by any whole number, multiply that by fraction the reciprocal of that whole number.

$$\frac{1}{2} \div 2 = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2}$$
 (reciprocal of 2 is $\frac{1}{2}$)

$$=\frac{1}{2}\times\frac{1}{2}=\frac{1\times1}{2\times2}=\frac{1}{4}$$

Note: While dividing a mixed fraction by a whole number, first convert the **mixed fraction into improper fraction** and then solve it.

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5. Division of a fraction by another fraction

$$\frac{15}{2} \div \frac{5}{2} = \frac{15}{2} \times \frac{2}{5} \text{ (reciprocal of } \frac{5}{2} \text{ is } \frac{2}{5} \text{)} = 3$$

Note: If one the fractions or both the fractions are mixed fraction then **convert the mixed fraction to improper fraction** and then solve it.

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Solved Examples

1.
$$\frac{2}{3} \div \frac{4}{5} = \frac{10}{12} = \frac{5}{6}$$

8.
$$\frac{1}{2} \div \frac{3}{4} = \frac{4}{6} = \frac{2}{3}$$

15.
$$5 \div \frac{7}{12} = \frac{60}{7}$$

2.
$$\frac{4}{6} \div \frac{4}{5} = \frac{20}{24} = \frac{5}{6}$$

9.
$$\frac{1}{2} \div \frac{1}{4} = \frac{4}{2} = 2$$

16.
$$\frac{1}{5} \div \frac{7}{15} = \frac{15}{35} = \frac{3}{7}$$

3.
$$\frac{4}{3} \div \frac{4}{5} = \frac{20}{12} = \frac{5}{3}$$

10.
$$\frac{1}{2} \div 4 = \frac{1}{8}$$

17.
$$\frac{1}{5} \div 1\frac{13}{15} = \frac{15}{140} = \frac{3}{28}$$

4.
$$\frac{4}{3} \div \frac{2}{5} = \frac{20}{6} = \frac{10}{3}$$

11.
$$\frac{1}{3} \div 4 = \frac{1}{12}$$

18.
$$\frac{a}{5} \div 1\frac{13}{15} = \frac{15a}{140} = \frac{3a}{28}$$

5.
$$\frac{3}{4} \div \frac{2}{5} = \frac{15}{8}$$

12.
$$4 \div \frac{1}{3} = 12$$

19.
$$\frac{1}{b} \div 1 \frac{13}{15} = \frac{15}{28b}$$

6.
$$\frac{3}{4} \div \frac{5}{2} = \frac{6}{20} = \frac{3}{10}$$

13.
$$4 \div \frac{7}{3} = \frac{12}{7}$$

20.
$$\frac{1}{5} \div 1 \frac{c}{15} = \frac{15}{5(15+c)}$$

7.
$$\frac{3}{4} \div \frac{1}{2} = \frac{6}{4} = \frac{3}{2}$$

14.
$$20 \div \frac{7}{3} = \frac{60}{7}$$

21.
$$\frac{1}{5} \div 1 \frac{13}{d} = \frac{d}{5(d+13)}$$

$$3\frac{1}{3} \div 3 = \frac{10}{9} = 1\frac{1}{9}$$

$$3\frac{2}{3} \div 3 = \frac{11}{9} = 1\frac{2}{9}$$

$$3\frac{2}{3} \div 6 = \frac{11}{18}$$

$$3\frac{2}{3} \div 2 = \frac{11}{6} = 1\frac{5}{6}$$

$$2\frac{1}{3} \div 2 = \frac{7}{6} = 1\frac{1}{6}$$

$$2\frac{1}{3} \div 10 = \frac{7}{30}$$

$$4\frac{2}{3} \div 10 = \frac{14}{30} = \frac{7}{15}$$

$$40\frac{2}{3} \div 10 = \frac{122}{30} = 4\frac{2}{30} = 4\frac{1}{15}$$

Practise fraction multiplication(CLICK HERE)))

Practise dividing Fractions(CLICK HERE)

End of Module 2